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AO 88 (Rev. 07/10) Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Hearing or Trial in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

	for th District of H				
Electora	inols et al) Plaintiff) V.) al College et al) Defendant)	Civil Action No. 2:12-02	2997 USDC EDCA		
	SUBPOENA TO APPEA AT A HEARING OR TRIAI				
To: Alvin Onaka, Regis	trar Department of Health, State of Hav	vaii			
YOU ARE CONTO	MMANDED to appear in the United Statrial in this civil action. When you arrive.	ates district court at the time, dive, you must remain at the co	ate, and place set forth below ourt until the judge or a court		
Place: U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California, 501 I str, Sacramento CA 95814		Courtroom No.: 7	Courtroom No.: 7		
5011 Str, Sacram	ento CA 95814	Date and Time: 01/03/20	Date and Time: 01/03/2013 0:00 am		
applicable): Original typewritten 196 Stanley Ann Dunham Ol you by the department o April 27,2011 and the or The provisions o	ring with you the following documents 1 birth certificate #10641 for Barack Obcama and Registrar Lee, two certified of Health of the State of Hawaii on April iginal microfilm of the aforementioned but of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your relating to your duty to respond to this	rama II, issued 08.08.1961, signopies of the aforementioned by 25, 2011and posted by you or pirth certificate	gned by Dr. David Sinclair, birth certificate issued to n the whitehouse.gov on		
Date: 12/24/2012	CLERK OF COURT	OR Jaih	/s/ Taitz		
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Atto	orney's signature		
The name, address, e-ma	il, and telephone number of the attorne	y representing (name of party)	Plaintiffs, Grinols et al		
Orly Tait	z, ESQ , who issues or	r requests this subpoena, are:			

29839 Santa Margarita, ste 100 Rancho Santa Margarita CA 92688

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AO 88 (Rev.07/10) Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Hearing or Trial in a Civil Action (page 2)

Civil Action No. 2:12-02997 USDC EDCA

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

This subpo	ena for (name of individual)	and title, if any) Bar	ack Hussein Obar	na	
was received by me	e on (date) 12/21/201	12 .			
☐ I served	the subpoena by deliver	ing a copy to the na	med person as fol	lows: served throu	gh FedEx
c/o AG HI	425 Queen Street Honol	ulu, HI 96813	on (date)	12/24/2012	; or
☐ I returne	ed the subpoena unexecu	ted because:			
	subpoena was issued on the witness fees for one				
\$	975.40 .				
My fees are \$	for trave	and \$	for service	ces, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare ur	der penalty of perjury th	at this information	is true.		
Date:12/24/2	2012			Orly Taitz r's signature	
			Orly	Taitz, ESQ	
		***************************************		name and title	
				Margarita, ste 100 Margarita, CA 92688	1
		***	Serve	er's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

(c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
 - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) *Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.*These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- **(A)** *Documents.* A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- **(B)** *Information Produced.* If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- **(e)** Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).