### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA				
GRINOLS ET AL  Plaintiff  v.  ELECTORAL COLLEGE ET AL  Defendant	) Civil Action No. 2:12-cv-02997 USDC EDCA )			
	PPEAR AND TESTIFY RIAL IN A CIVIL ACTION			
	d States district court at the time, date, and place set forth below arrive, you must remain at the court until the judge or a court			
Place: U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Californ	nia, Courtroom No.: 7			
505 I str., Sacramento, CA 95814, Chief Judge Morrison C. England	Date and Time: 06/02/2013 2:00 pm			
applicable):  1. original application for Barack Hussein Obama for Select 2. documentation of any and all actions taken by the Select Congress of evidence of forgery in Barack Obama's applica Attorney Taitz to director of SSS William Chatfield on March	tive service to apprise the law enforcement and the U.S. ation for Selective Service, which was hand delivered by the h 25, 2009  your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Fed.			
Date: 12/24/2012  CLERK OF COURT  Signature of Clerk or Deputy C.	OR /s/ Orly Taitz /lerk  Attorney's signature			
The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the atto	orney representing (name of party) Plaintiffs Grinols et al es or requests this subpoena, are:			

Law offices of Orly Taitz 29839 Santa Margarita, ste 100 Racho Santa Margarita Ca 2688 ph.949-683-5411 fax949-766-7603 orly.taitz@gmail.com AO 88 (Rev. 07/10) Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Hearing or Trial in a Civil Action

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the District of Columbia

Grinols et al	)
Plaintiff	)
v.	) Civil Action No. 2:12-02997 USDC EDCA
Obama et al	)
Defendant	)

# SUBPOENA TO APPEAR AND TESTIFY AT A HEARING OR TRIAL IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Patrick R. Donahoe, Postmaster General

YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United States district court at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a hearing or trial in this civil action. When you arrive, you must remain at the court until the judge or a court officer allows you to leave.

ace: U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California, 501 I	Courtroom No.: 7	
str. Sacramento CA 95814, Chief district Judge Morrison C. England	Date and Time: 01/03/2013 2:00 pm	

You must also bring with you the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects (blank if not applicable):

1. Evidence of any actions taken by your to apprise the law enforcement and the U.S. Congress prior to January 6 2013 joint session Presidential confirmation of Obama's alleged selective Service1980 application, published by Obama, delivered to you by attorney Taitz, which contains a forged U.S. stamp with a two digit year "80" instead of a four digit year "1980"

The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached.

Date:	12/24/2012	CLERK OF COURT	OR	Jais	
		Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Att	orney's signature	
The na	me, address, e-m	ail, and telephone number of the attorney re	presenting (name of party)	Plaintiffs Grinols et al	
		, who issues or red	quests this subpoena, are:		

Law offices of Orly Taitz 29839 Santa Margarita, ste 100 Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 ph. 949-683-5411 fax 949-766-7688 orly.taitz@gmail.com AO 88 (Rev.07/10) Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Hearing or Trial in a Civil Action (page 2)

Civil Action No. 2:12-02997 USDC EDCA

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

ras received by me on (a					
I served the s	ubpoena by delivering a copy to the	named person as follows: served through FedEX			
Patrick R. Dona	Patrick R. Donahoe, Postmaster General				
c/o U.S. Attorne	y 555 4thstr. Washington DC 20530	on (date) 12/24/2012 ; or			
☐ 1 returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:				
		ted States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of			
\$ 753.2	0				
y fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$ 0.00			
I declare under p	enalty of perjury that this information	on is true.			
nte: 12/24/2012		Vaite			
		Server's signature			
		Dr. Orly Taitz ESQ			
	Printed name and title				
	29839 Santa Margarita ste 100				
		Rancho Santa Margarita, Ca 92688			
	-	Server's address			

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

#### Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

#### (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction — which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees — on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

#### (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

#### (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

#### (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.

  These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpocna to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

#### (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).